## **AP Calculus BC**

## **Chapter 6 Test Review Outline**

- 1. Test Format
  - a. Calculator section: 3 multiple choice, 5 free-response
  - b. Non-calculator section: 9 multiple choice, 3 free-response
- 2. Methods of Integration (definite and indefinite)
  - a. (6.1) Basic methods (w/o u-sub) power rule, exponentials, trig (6), inverse trig
  - b. (6.2) U-substitution
  - c. (6.3) Integration by parts
    - i.  $\int u dv = uv \int v du$
    - ii. LIPET: used to help you pick the *u*
    - iii. PE or PT or ET\*: tabular integration
  - d. (8.4) Partial fractions: with or without the cover-up method
- 3. Separable differential equations Section 6.1
- 4. Slope Fields (6.1)
  - a. Match a slope field to its differential equation/solution equation
  - b. Draw a slope field given a differential equation (non-calculator)
- 5. Exponential Growth/Decay
  - a. Rate of change of a quantity is proportional to the quantity:  $\frac{dy}{dt} = ky$
  - b. Particular solution:  $y = y_0 e^{kt}$  (k > 0 = growth, k < 0 = decay)
  - c. Half-life:  $t = \frac{\ln(\frac{1}{2})}{k}$ ; Doubling time:  $t = \frac{\ln(2)}{k}$
  - d. Newton's Law of Cooling:  $T T_s = (T_0 T_s)e^{-kt}$
- 6. Logistic Growth Model (P = population, M = carrying capacity)
  - a. Rate of change of a population is proportional to *P* and  $M P : \frac{dP}{dt} = \frac{k}{M}P(M P)$
  - b. Population grows fastest when P = M/2
  - c. Particular solution:  $P = \frac{M}{1 + Ae^{-kt}}$
- 7. Euler's Method
  - a. Used to approximate the solution curve for a differential equation
  - b. Assume  $\frac{dy}{dx} = f'(x, y)$ , dx = step size
  - c.  $y_{n+1} = y_n + f'(x_n, y_n)dx$

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